Year Groups	Key learning in design and technology	Project title	Provided resources
Year 6	 Prior learning Initial experience of using computer control software and an interface box, a standalone box or microcontroller, e.g. Crumble. Some experience of writing and modifying a program to make a light turn on or flash on and off. 	Design, make and evaluate a (product) for (user) for (purpose).	microcontroller or standalone control box or interface box collection of battery-powered,
Electrical systems -	• Understanding of the essential characteristics of a series circuit and experience of creating a battery-powered, functional, electrical product.	To be completed by the teacher if different from pre planned	manually-controlled and programmable products
Monitoring and control Health and safety Pupils should be taught to work safely, using tools, equipment, materials, components and techniques appropriate to the task.	 Designing Develop a design specification for a functional product that responds automatically to changes in the environment. Generate, develop and communicate ideas through discussion, annotated sketches and pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams. Making Formulate a step-by-step plan to guide making, listing tools, equipment, materials and components. Competently select and accurately assemble materials, and securely connect electrical components to produce a reliable, functional product. Create and modify a computer control program to enable their electrical product to respond to changes in the environment. Evaluating Continually evaluate and modify the working features of the product to match the initial design specification. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose. Technical knowledge and understanding Understand and use electrical systems in their products. Understand the use of computer control systems in products. Apply their understanding of computing to program, monitor and control their products. 	What could children design, make and evaluate? cycle or vehicle alarm security lighting system alarm for valuable artefact garden light automatic nightlight electronic moneybox alarm for school shed other – specify	batteries, battery holders, crocodile leads different output devices including bulbs with bulb holders, buzzers, light emitting diodes (LEDs), motors different input devices including micro switches, reed switches and magnets, light dependent resistors (LDRs) Other resources wire, masking tape, construction materials and tools as required, wood, cardboard

purpose?

• Investigate sensors such as light dependent resistors (LDRs) and a range of switches such as push-to-make, push-to-break, toggle, micro and reed switches. To gain an understanding of how they are operated by the user and how they work, ask the children to use each component to control a bulb in a simple circuit. Remind children about the dangers of mains electricity. • Children could research famous inventors related to the project e.g. Thomas Edison – light bulb.

Focused Tasks (FTs)

- Through teacher demonstration and explanation, recap measuring, marking out, cutting and joining skills with construction materials that children will need to create their electrical products.
- Using a model circuit, demonstrate and enable children to practise using different input and output devices. Allow them to practise methods for making secure electrical connections e.g. using wire strippers, twist and tape connections, screw
- connections, crocodile clips and connecting blocks.
- Remind children how to avoid making short circuits.

• Drawing on science understanding, ask the children to explore a range of electrical systems that could be used to control their products, including a simple series circuit where a single output device is controlled, a series circuit where two output devices are controlled by one switch and, where appropriate, parallel circuits where two output devices are controlled independently by two separate switches.

• Drawing on related computing activities, ensure that children can write and modify computer control programs that include inputs, outputs and decision making. Test out the programs using electrical components connected to microcontrollers, interface boxes or standalone boxes.

Design, Make and Evaluate Assignment (DMEA)

- Develop an authentic and meaningful design brief with the children.
- Ask the children to generate innovative ideas by drawing on research and develop a design specification for their product, carefully considering the purpose and needs of the intended user.
- Communicate ideas through annotated sketches, pictorial representations of electrical circuits or circuit diagrams, including the microcontroller, interface box or standalone box to be used. Drawings should indicate the design decisions made, including the location of the electrical components and how they work as a system with an input, process and output. Reference should be made to the control program used and how it will operate to control the inputs and outputs.
- Produce detailed step-by-step plans and lists of tools, equipment and materials needed. If appropriate, allocate tasks within a team.
- Make high quality products, applying knowledge, understanding and skills from IEAs and FTs. Create and modify a computer control program to enable the product to work automatically in response to changes in the environment.
- Critically evaluate throughout and the final product, comparing it to the original design specification. Test the system to demonstrate its effectiveness for the intended user and purpose.